Rosemount[™] 3300 Level Transmitter

Guided Wave Radar







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1 About this guide

This start guide provides basic guidelines for the Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitter. Refer to Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitter Reference Manual for more instructions. The manual and this Quick Start Guide (QSG) are also available electronically on Emerson.com/Rosemount.

1.1 Safety messages

A WARNING

Failure to follow safe installation and servicing guidelines could result in death or serious injury.

Ensure only qualified personnel perform installation or service.

Use the equipment only as specified in this Quick Start Guide and the Reference Manual. Failure to do so may impair the protection provided by the equipment.

Repair, e.g. substitution of components, etc. may jeopardize safety and is under no circumstances allowed.

Flamepath joints are not for repair. Contact the manufacturer.

WARNING

Explosions could result in death or serious injury.

Verify that the operating environment of the transmitter is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations specifications. See Product certifications in this Quick Start Guide.

Temperature restrictions apply for Explosion-proof versions. For limits, see certificate-specific information in the Product certifications chapter in this document.

In an explosion-proof/flameproof installation, do not remove the transmitter covers when power is applied to the unit.

Before connecting a handheld communicator in an explosive atmosphere, ensure the instruments are installed in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices.

A WARNING

Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury.

Avoid contact with the leads and terminals. High voltage that may be present on leads can cause electrical shock.

Ensure the mains power to the transmitter is off and the lines to any other external power source are disconnected or not powered while wiring the transmitter.

WARNING

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury.

Ensure that the transmitter is handled carefully. If the process seal is damaged, gas might escape from the tank.

To avoid process leaks, only use the O-ring designed to seal with the corresponding flange adapter.

WARNING

Physical access

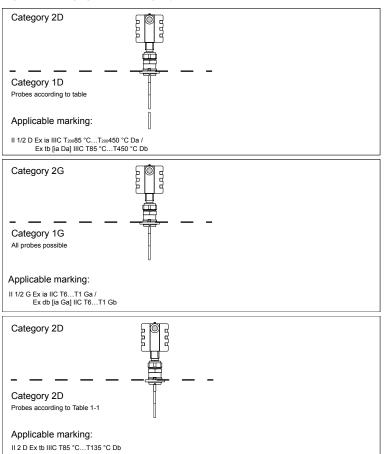
Unauthorized personnel may potentially cause significant damage to and/or misconfiguration of end users' equipment. This could be intentional or unintentional and needs to be protected against.

Physical security is an important part of any security program and fundamental to protecting your system. Restrict physical access by unauthorized personnel to protect end users' assets. This is true for all systems used within the facility.

1.2 Equipment category

The electronics enclosures are category 2G or 2D equipment. The probes not covered with plastic and not made of titanium, are category 1G or 1D. The plastic covered probes or probes made of titanium, are only category 1G equipment.

Figure 1-1: Equipment Category



Probes with non-conducting surfaces and light metals

Probes covered with plastic and/or with plastic discs may generate an ignition- capable level of electrostatic charge under certain extreme conditions. Therefore, when the probe is used in a potentially explosive atmosphere, appropriate measures must be taken to prevent electrostatic discharge. These probes are not allowed in dust classified areas.

The following probes do not contain plastic or PTFE material, and are allowed to be placed in a Dust classified area:

Table 1-1: Probes Containing no Plastic or PTFE Material

Code	Material of construction: Process connection/Probe				
1	316L SST (EN 1.4404)				
2	Alloy C-276 (UNS N10276) plate design if flanged version				
3	Alloy 400 (UNS N04400) plate design if flanged version				
5	Titanium Gr-1 and Gr-2				
9	Duplex 2205 (EN 1.4462/UNS S31803) (plate design if flanged version)				
L	Alloy 625 (UNS N06625)				
М	Alloy 400 (UNS N04400)				
Н	Alloy C-276 (UNS N10276)				
D	Duplex 2205 (EN 1.4462/UNS S31803)				

The Material of Construction Code can be found in the ninth character position of the transmitter model code (for example 330xxxxx1xxxxxxxx).

Probes and flanges containing >7.5 percent magnesium or zirconium are not allowed in explosive dust atmosphere. Contact your Emerson sales representative for more information.

Probes and flanges containing light metals

When used in category 1/2G installations, probes and flanges containing titanium or zirconium must be mounted in such a way that sparks from impact or friction between these parts and steel cannot occur.

Separation element (EPL Ga/Gb, Da/Db)

The materials of the separation element are > 3 mm stainless steel and a 22 mm bushing filled with 2-part epoxy. The epoxy has a continuous operating temperature of -55 °C \leq COT \leq 130 °C. Under normal operation the separation element is not pressurized or in contact with the process media.

2 Mount the transmitter head/probe

2.1 Tank connection with flange

Prerequisites

Note

PTFE covered probes must be handled carefully to prevent damage to the coating.

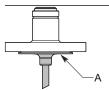
Procedure

1. Place a suitable gasket on top of the tank flange.



Note

Gasket should not be used for PTFE covered probe with protective plate.

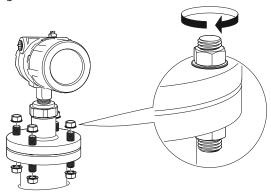


A. PTFE covered probe with protective plate

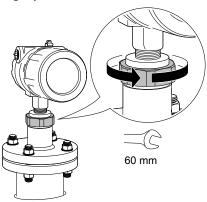
2. Lower the transmitter and probe with flange into the tank.



3. Tighten bolts and nuts with sufficient torque for the flange and gasket choice.



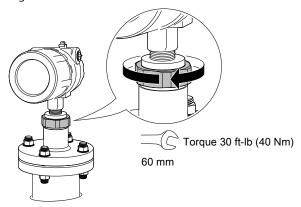
4. Loosen the nut that connects the transmitter head to the probe slightly.



5. Rotate the transmitter housing so the cable entries/display face the desired direction.



6. Tighten the nut.



2.2 Threaded tank connection

Prerequisites

Note

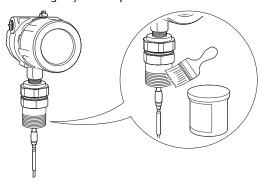
PTFE covered probes must be handled carefully to prevent damage to the coating.

Procedure

1. For adapters with BSPP (G) threads, place a suitable gasket on top of the tank flange.



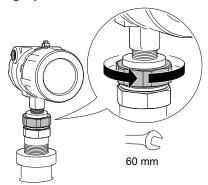
2. For adapters with NPT threads, use anti-seize paste or PTFE tape according to your site procedures.



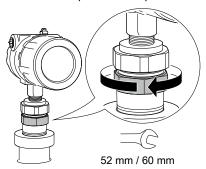
3. Lower the transmitter and probe into the tank.



4. Loosen the nut that connects the transmitter head to the probe slightly.



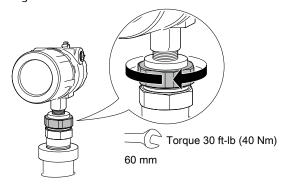
5. Screw the adapter into the process connection.



6. Rotate the transmitter housing so the cable entries/display face the desired direction.



7. Tighten the nut.



2.3 Tank connection with Tri-Clamp[®]

Prerequisites

Note

PTFE covered probes must be handled carefully to prevent damage to the coating.

Procedure

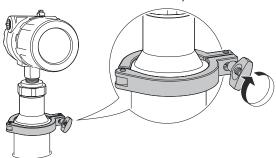
1. Place a suitable gasket on top of the tank flange.



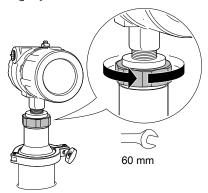
2. Lower the transmitter and probe into the tank.



3. Tighten the clamp to the recommended torque (see the manufacturer's instruction manual).



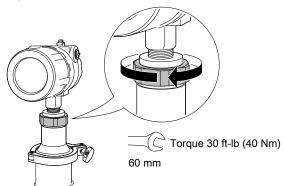
4. Loosen the nut that connects the transmitter head to the probe slightly.



5. Rotate the transmitter housing so the cable entries/display face the desired direction.



6. Tighten the nut.

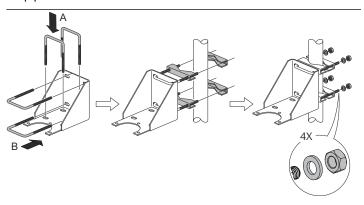


2.4 Bracket mounting

Procedure

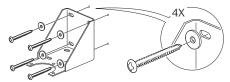
1. Mount the bracket to the pipe/wall.

On pipe:

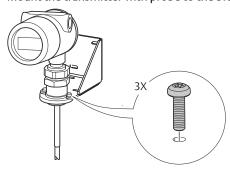


- A. Horizontal pipe
- B. Vertical pipe

On wall:



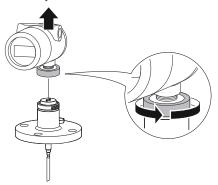
2. Mount the transmitter with probe to the bracket.



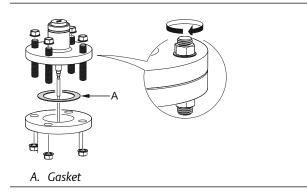
2.5 Install remote housing

Procedure

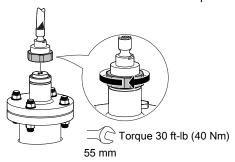
1. Carefully remove the transmitter.



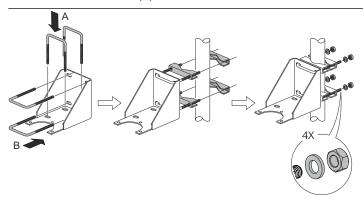
2. Mount the probe on tank.



3. Mount the remote connection on the probe.

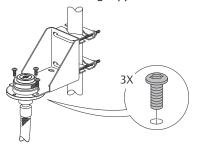


4. Mount the bracket to the pipe.

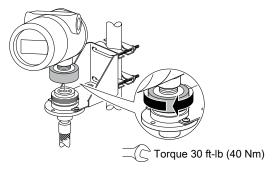


- A. Horizontal pipe
- B. Vertical pipe

5. Fasten the housing support.



6. Mount the transmitter head.



3 Set jumpers and switches

3.1 Set alarm and write protection on the circuit board

If alarm and security jumpers are not set, the transmitter operates with the default alarm condition HIGH and Security OFF.

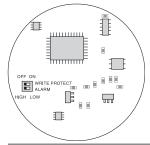
Prerequisites

Write protection must be set after configuration.

Procedure

- 1. Remove the cover on the circuit side (see label marked circuit side).
- 2. To set the 4-20 mA alarm output to LOW, move the alarm switch to the LOW position.
- 3. To enable the security write protection feature, move the write protect switch to the ON position.
- 4. Replace the cover and tighten securely.

Figure 3-1: Circuit Board



3.2 Set alarm and write protection on the LCD display

Prerequisites

To have the LCD display override the circuit board settings, the write protection switch on the circuit board needs to be in the OFF position and the alarm switch on the circuit board needs to be in the HIGH position.

Procedure

- 1. To set the 4-20 mA alarm output to LOW, place jumper between the right and center hole position.
- 2. To enable the security write protection feature, place jumper between the left and center hole position ON.

Figure 3-2: LCD Display



4 Connect wiring and power up

4.1 Power supply

For HART $^{\circ}$, the input voltage is 11-42 V (11-30 V in IS applications, 16-42 V in Explosion-proof / Flameproof applications). For Modbus $^{\circ}$, the input voltage is 8-30 V.

4.2 Cable selection

The transmitter requires shielded twisted pair wiring (18-12 AWG) suitable for the supply voltage and, if applicable, approved for use in hazardous areas.

4.3 Cable/conduit entries

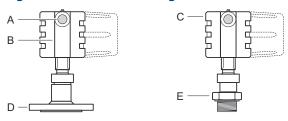
The electronics housing has two entries for ½-14 NPT. Optional M20×1.5 and PG 13.5 adapters are also available. The connections are made in accordance with local or plant electrical codes.

Make sure that unused ports are properly sealed to prevent moisture or other contamination from entering the terminal block compartment of the electronics housing.

Note

Remove any orange caps that may be attached. Use the enclosed metal plug to seal the unused port.

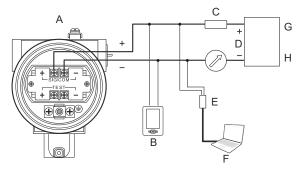
Figure 4-1: Electronics Housing



- A. Cable Entry: ½-14 NPT Optional adapters: M20, PG13.5
- B. Radar electronics
- C. Dual compartment housing
- D. Flanged process connections
- E. Threaded process connections

4.4 Wiring diagram

Figure 4-2: Non-Intrinsically Safe HART® Output

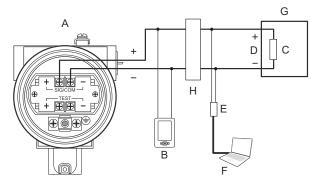


- A. Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitter
- B. Handheld communicator
- C. Load resistance = 250Ω
- D. Power supply
- E. HART modem
- F. PC
- G. Maximum voltage: $U_m = 250 \text{ V}$
- H. HART: $U_n = 42.4 \text{ V}$

Note

Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitters with Flameproof/Explosion-proof HART Output have a built-in barrier; no external barrier needed.

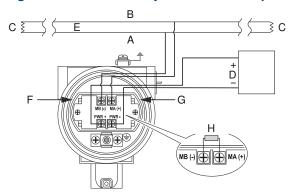
Figure 4-3: Intrinsically Safe HART Output



- A. Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitter
- B. Handheld communicator
- C. $R_L = 250 \Omega$
- D. Power supply
- E. HART modem
- F. PC
- G. DCS
- H. Approved IS barrier

IS Parameters: $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$, $I_i = 130 \text{ mA}$, $P_i = 1 \text{ W}$, $L_i = C_i = 0$

Figure 4-4: Non-intrinsically Safe Modbus® Output



- A. "A" line
- B. "B" line
- C. 120 Ω
- D. Power supply
- E. RS485 Bus
- F. HART+
- G. HART-
- H. If the unit is the last transmitter on the bus, a 120 Ω termination resistor is required.

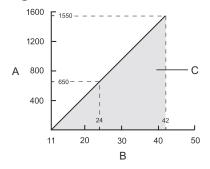
Note

Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitters with Flameproof/Explosion-proof Modbus Output have a built-in barrier; no external barrier needed.

4.5 Load limitations

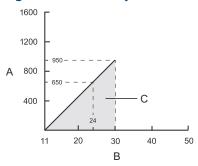
For HART® communication, a minimum loop resistance of 250 Ω is required. Maximum loop resistance is determined by the voltage level of the external power supply, as given by the following diagrams:

Figure 4-5: Non-Hazardous Installations



- A. Loop Resistance (Ohms)
- B. External Power Supply Voltage (Vdc)
- C. Operating region

Figure 4-6: Intrinsically Safe Installations



- A. Loop Resistance (Ohms)
- B. External Power Supply Voltage (Vdc)
- C. Operating region

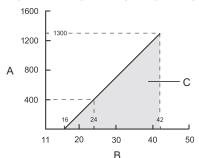


Figure 4-7: Explosion-proof/Flameproof Installations

- A. Loop Resistance (Ohms)
- B. External Power Supply Voltage (Vdc)
- C. Operating region

Note

For the Explosion-proof/Flameproof installations the diagram is only valid if the HART load resistance is at the + side, otherwise the load resistance value is limited to $300 \, \Omega$.

4.6 Connect the transmitter

Procedure

- Make sure the housing is grounded according to Hazardous Locations Certifications, national and local electrical codes.
 Grounding is essential for Hazardous Location safety (even for Flameproof/Explosion Proof versions). A ground cable with a crosssectional area of > 4 mm² must be used.
- 2. Verify that the power supply is disconnected.
- Remove the cover on the terminal side (see label marked field terminals).
- 4. Pull the cable(s) through the cable gland/conduit.

 For Explosion-proof / Flameproof installations, only use cable glands or conduit entry devices certified Explosion-proof or Flameproof (Ex d IIC (gas) or Ex t IIIC (dust)).
- 5. Connect the cable wires (see Wiring diagram).
- 6. If applicable, use the enclosed metal plug to seal any unused port.
- 7. Replace the cover and tighten.
- 8. Tighten the cable gland.
- 9. Connect the power supply.

5 Configure

If the transmitter is pre-configured at the factory, this section is only necessary to change or verify the settings.

Configuration of the Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitter can be done either with a handheld communicator, the AMS Device Manager, or Radar Configuration Tools (RCT). If using the Radar Configuration Tools, a HART® modern is required.

5.1 Installing the Radar Configuration Tools (RCT) software

To install the RCT software:

Procedure

- 1. Insert the installation CD into your CD-ROM drive.
- Follow the instructions.

Need help?

If the installation program does not automatically start, run Setup.exe from the CD.

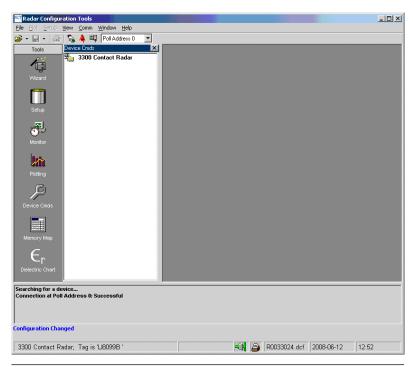
5.2 Starting RCT

Prerequisites

For optimum performance set COM Port Buffers to 1.

Procedure

Select Programs \rightarrow Rosemount \rightarrow RCT.



Need help?

The Help function of the RCT can be reached from the menu or by pressing the **F1** key.

5.3 Configuration using the Wizard

Configuration of a Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitter can be done using the installation Wizard for detailed guidance.

Procedure

- Make sure that the *Tools Bar* is open (Project Bar is ticked within View). Then select the Wizard icon or select the View → Wizard menu option.
- 2. Select the **Start** button and follow the instructions.

5.4 Configuration using the Setup Function

If you are already familiar with the configuration procedure, or if you want to change settings, you may use the setup function.

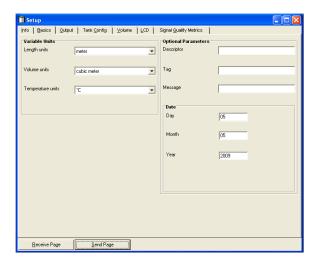
Procedure

- Make sure that the *Tools Bar* is open (Project Bar is ticked within View). Then select the **Setup** icon or select the **View** → **Setup** menu option.
- 2. Select the appropriate tab:
 - Info (information about the device)
 - Basics
 - Output
 - Tank Config
 - Volume (specification of tank geometry for volume calculations)
 - LCD (display panel settings)
 - Signal Quality Metrics (for activating/de-activating and display of signal quality metrics, available with the DA1 option)
- 3. To load the parameters configured in the transmitter into the dialog window, click the **Receive Page** button.
- 4. To load any parameter changes back to the transmitter, click the **Send Page** button.

5.4.1 Setup - Basics

Units

Length, volume, and temperature units can be set. Units are used wherever measurement and configuration data occur.



5.4.2 Setup - Output

Range values

The Lower Range value = 4 mA value

The Upper Range value = 20 mA value

The 4-20 mA range must not include the upper or lower Transition Zone. (1)

Variable assignment

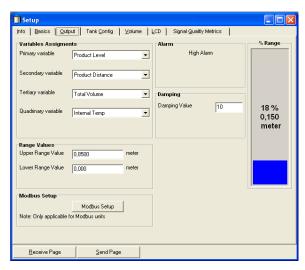
Rosemount 3301 available measuring parameters: Level, Distance to Level, Total Volume. For fully immersed probe: Interface Level and Interface Distance.

Rosemount 3302 available measuring parameters: Level, Distance to level, Total Volume, Interface Level, Interface Distance, and Upper Product Layer Thickness.

In the **Primary Variable** field, the measuring parameter is entered for the analog signal.

More variables can be assigned if the superimposed digital HART $^{\otimes}$ signal or a HART Tri-loop $^{\top}$ is used.

⁽¹⁾ See the Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitter Reference Manual.

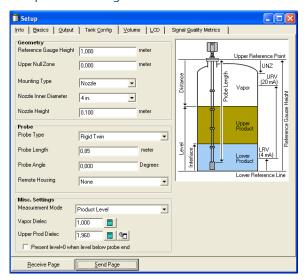


Modbus® setup

If the transmitter has the Modbus option, configuration of the communication parameters can be set.



5.4.3 Setup - Tank Config



Geometry

See tank picture in window.

- Set Reference Gauge Height
- Set Upper Null Zone (if needed)
- Set Mounting Type
- Set Diameter (if Mounting Type is Nozzle or Pipe/Chamber)
- Set Nozzle Height (if Mounting Type is Nozzle)

Probe

- Set Probe Type (This parameter is pre-configured at factory.)
- Set Probe Length (This parameter is pre-configured at factory. The probe length needs to be changed if the probe is cut in field.)
- Set Probe Angle
- If Remote Housing is mounted, set the Remote Housing length (setting not available in DD/DTM™)

Miscellaneous settings

- Set Vapor Dielectric value (if needed)
- Set Upper Product Dielectric value (interface measurements only)

5.5 Additional configuration to fine-tune performance

To fine-tune the transmitter's performance, it is recommended the Trim Near Zone function be executed after configuration is finished.

For detailed information on how to trim the near zone, see the Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitter Reference Manual.

6 Environmental conditions

6.1 Ambient temperature limits (for use in explosive atmospheres)

Explosion-proof/Flame-proof version: -58 °F (-50 °C) \leq T_a \leq +167 °F (+75 °C)

Intrinsically safe version: -58 °F (-50 °C) \leq T_a \leq +158 °F (+70 °C)

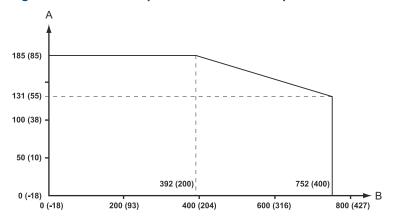
National deviations may apply, see Product certifications.

6.2 Process temperature restrictions

When the Rosemount 3300 is installed in high temperature applications, consider the maximum ambient temperature. Tank insulation should not exceed 4 in. (10 cm).

Figure 6-1 shows the maximum ambient temperature vs. process temperature.

Figure 6-1: Ambient Temperature vs. Process Temperature



- A. Ambient temperature °F (°C)
- B. Process temperature °F (°C)

6.3 Pressure limits

For pressure limits, see the Rosemount 3300 Level Transmitter Reference Manual.

7 Product certifications

Rev 4.25

7.1 European directive information

A copy of the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at the end of the document. The most recent revision of the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at Emerson.com/Rosemount.

7.2 Ordinary location certification

As standard, the transmitter has been examined and tested to determine that the design meets the basic electrical, mechanical, and fire protection requirements by a nationally recognized test laboratory (NRTL) as accredited by the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

Pollution Degree: 2

Overvoltage Category: II

In Canada: The power to this equipment must be supplied by a source that is categorized as "CLASS 2" and "SELV" as specified in the Canadian Electrical Code. C22.1 and the National Electrical Code NFPA 70.

7.3 Installing equipment in North America

The US National Electrical Code[®] (NEC) and the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) permit the use of Division marked equipment in Zones and Zone marked equipment in Divisions. The markings must be suitable for the area classification, gas, and temperature class. This information is clearly defined in the respective codes.

7.4 USA

7.4.1 E5 Explosionproof (XP), Dust-Ignitionproof (DIP)

Certificate FM 3013394

Standards FM Class 3600 – 2011; FM Class 3610 – 2010; FM Class

3611 – 2004; FM Class 3615 – 2006; FM Class 3810 – 2005; ANSI/ISA 60079-0 – 2009; ANSI/ISA 60079-11 – 2009; ANSI/NEMA 250 – 1991; ANSI/IEC 60529 – 2004

Markings XP CL I, DIV 1, GP B, C, D; DIP CLII/III, DIV 1, GP E, F, G; T5

Ta=85°C; Type 4X/IP66

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. Potential Electrostatic Charging Hazard – The enclosure contains non-metallic material. To prevent the risk for electrostatic sparking the plastic surface should only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

 WARNING – The apparatus enclosure contains aluminum and is considered to constitute a potential risk of ignition by impact or friction. Care must be taken into account during installation and use to prevent impact or friction.

7.4.2 I5 Intrinsic Safety (IS), Nonincendive (NI)

Certificate FM 3013394

Standards FM Class 3600 – 2011; FM Class 3610 – 2010; FM Class

3611 – 2004; FM Class 3615 – 2006; FM Class 3810 – 2005; ANSI/ISA 60079-0 – 2009; ANSI/ISA 60079-11 – 2009; ANSI/NEMA 250 – 1991; ANSI/IEC 60529 – 2004

Markings IS CL I, DIV 1, GP A, B, C, D, E, F, G in accordance with

control drawing 9150077-944; IS (Entity) CL I, Zone 0, AEx IA IIC T4 in accordance with control drawing

9150077-944, NI CL I, DIV 2, GP A, B, C, D, T4a $\overline{\text{Ta}}$ =70 °C; Suitable for use in CL II/III DIV 2, GP A, B, C, D, T4a $\overline{\text{Ta}}$ =70

°C; Type 4X/IP66

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. Potential Electrostatic Charging Hazard The enclosure contains non-metallic material. To prevent the risk for electrostatic sparking the plastic surface should only be cleaned with a damp cloth.
- 2. WARNING The apparatus enclosure contains aluminum and is considered to constitute a potential risk of ignition by impact or friction. Care must be taken into account during installation and use to prevent impact or friction.

	Ui	l _i	Pi	C _i	Li
Entity parameters HART	30 V	130 mA	1 W	0 nF	0 mH

7.5 Canada

7.5.1 E6 Explosionproof, Dust-Ignitionproof

Certificate CSA02CA1250250X

Standards CSA C22.2 No.0-M91, CSA C22.2 No.25-1966 (R2009),

CSA C22.2 No.30-M1986 (R2012), CSA C22.2 No.94-M91, CSA C22.2 No.142-M1987, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.

60079-0:15, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-11:14, CSA C22.2 No. 213-M1987 (R2013), CAN/CSA C22.2 No.

60529:05

Markings CL I, Div. 1, GP C, D;

CL II, Div.1 & 2, GP G & COAL DUST; CL III, Div.1 T4, MAX. AMB. TEMP. +85°C HAZ. LOC. CL I, Div.2, GP A, B, C, D

T4, MAX. AMB. TEMP. +70°C

In ambient temperatures above 60 °C, use wire or cable rated for 90 °C minimum.

À des températures ambiantes supérieures à 60 °C, utilisez un fil ou un câble conçu pour 90 °C minimum.

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. The enclosure may be made of aluminum alloy and given a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in zone 0.
- The probes may contain plastic materials greater than 4cm² or be coated with plastic and these can present an electrostatic risk if rubbed or placed in a fast moving air flow.
- 3. The probes may contain light alloys which can present a risk from frictional ignitions. Care should be taken to protect them from mechanical impact or friction during use or installation.

7.5.2 I6 Intrinsically Safe and Non-Incendive Systems

Certificate CSA02CA1250250X

Standards CSA C22.2 No.0-M91, CSA C22.2 No.25-1966 (R2009),

CSA C22.2 No.30-M1986 (R2012), CSA C22.2 No.94-M91, CSA C22.2 No.142-M1987, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-0:15, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-11:14, CSA C22.2 No. 213-M1987 (R2013), CAN/CSA C22.2 No.

60529:05

Markings CL I, DIV 1, GP A, B, C, D, T4 see installation drawing

9150077-945; Non-Incendive Class III, DIV 1, Haz-loc CL I DIV 2, GP A, B, C, D, Maximum Ambient Temperature

+70 °C, T4, Type 4X/IP66

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. The equipment is not capable of withstanding the 500V test as defined in EN 60079-11. This must be considered in any installation.
- 2. The enclosure may be made of aluminum alloy and given a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in zone 0.
- 3. The probes may contain plastic materials greater than 4cm² or be coated with plastic and these can present an electrostatic risk if rubbed or placed in a fast moving air flow.
- 4. The probes may contain light alloys which can present a risk from frictional ignitions. Care should be taken to protect them from mechanical impact or friction during use or installation.

7.6 Europe

7.6.1 **E1 ATEX Flameproof**

Certificate KEMA 01ATEX2220X

Standards EN IEC 60079-0:2018, EN 60079-1:2014, EN

> 60079-11:2012. EN 60079-26:2015. IEC 60079-26:2021, EN 60079-31:2014

Markings

II 1/2 D Ex ia IIIC T_{200} 85 °C... T_{200} 450 °C Da / Ex tb [ia Da]

IIIC T85 °C...T450 °C Db

II 2 D Ex tb IIIC T85 °C...T135 °C Db

Ambient -50 °C to +75 °C

temperature -40 °C to +75 °C with a minimum process temperature range

of -196 °C

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. On application of the transmitter with plastic covered probes, in an explosive gas atmosphere, precaution shall be taken to avoid danger of ignition due to electrostatic charges on the probe.
- 2. On application of the transmitter in an explosive dust atmosphere, the transmitter shall be installed in such a way that the risk from the electrostatic discharges and propagating brush discharges caused by rapid flow of dust at the label is avoided.
- 3. For probes and flanges containing light metals, an ignition hazard due to impact or friction needs to be avoided according to EN 60079-0 clause 8.3, when used as EPL Ga/Gb equipment.

4. Conditions which may adversely affect the material of the partition wall shall be avoided, see instructions for details.

Temperature class / Maximum surface temperature	num surface temperature	
T6 / T 85 °C	+75 ℃	+75 ℃
T5 / T 100 °C	+ 90 °C	+75 °C
T4 / T 135 °C	+125 °C	+75 ℃
T3 / T 200 °C	+ 190 °C	+75 °C
T2 / T 300 °C	+285 °C	+65 °C
T1 / T 450 °C	+ 400 °C	+55 ℃

7.6.2 I1 ATEX Intrinsic Safety

Certificate BAS02ATEX1163X

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. The equipment is not capable of withstanding the 500V test as defined in EN60079-11. This must be considered in any installation.
- 2. The enclosure is made of aluminium alloy and given a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in zone 0.
- 3. The probes may contain plastic materials greater than 4cm² or be coated with plastic and these can present an electrostatic risk if rubbed or placed in a fast moving air flow.
- The probes may contain light alloys which can present a risk from frictional ignitions. Care should be taken to protect them from mechanical impact during use or installation.

	Ui	l _i	Pi	C _i	Li
Entity parameters HART	30 V	130 mA	1 W	0 nF	0 mH

7.7 International

7.7.1 E7 IECEx Flameproof

Certificate IECEx DEK 12.0015X

Standards IEC 60079-0:2017, IEC 60079-1:2014, IEC

60079-11:2011; IEC 60079-26:2021, IEC

60079-31:2013

Markings Ex ia IIC T6...T1 Ga / Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6...T1 Gb

Ex ia IIIC T₂₀₀ 85 °C...T₂₀₀ 450 °C Da / Ex tb [ia Da] IIIC

T85 °C...T450 °C Db

Ex tb IIIC T85 °C...T135 °C Db

Ambient -50 °C to +75 °C temperature

-40 °C to +75 °C with a minimum process temperature

range of -196 °C

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

 On application of the transmitter with plastic covered probes, in an explosive gas atmosphere, precaution shall be taken to avoid danger of ignition due to electrostatic charges on the probe.

- On application of the transmitter in an explosive dust atmosphere, the transmitter shall be installed in such a way that the risk from electrostatic discharges and propagating brush discharges caused by rapid flow of dust at the label is avoided.
- 3. For probes and flanges containing light metals, an ignition hazard due to impact or friction needs to be avoided according to IEC 60079-0 clause 8.3, when used as EPL Ga/Gb equipment.
- 4. Conditions which may adversely affect the material of the partition wall shall be avoided, see instructions for details.

Temperature class / Maximum surface temperature	surface temperature	
T6 / T 85 °C	+75 ℃	+75 ℃
T5 / T 100 °C	+ 90 °C	+75 ℃
T4 / T 135 °C	+125 °C	+75 ℃
T3 / T 200 °C	+ 190 °C	+75 ℃
T2 / T 300 °C	+285 °C	+65 °C
T1 / T 450 °C	+ 400 °C	+55 °C

7.7.2 I7 IECEx Intrinsic Safety

Certificate IECEx BAS 12.0062X

Standards IEC 60079-0:2017, IEC 60079-11:2011

Markings Ex ia IIC T4 Ga $(-50^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le +70^{\circ}\text{C})$

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. The equipment is not capable of withstanding the 500V test as defined in EN60079-11. This must be considered in any installation.

- The enclosure is made of aluminium alloy and given a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in zone 0.
- 3. The probes may contain plastic materials greater than 4cm² or be coated with plastic and these can present an electrostatic risk if rubbed or placed in a fast moving air flow.
- 4. The probes may contain light alloys which can present a risk from frictional ignitions. Care should be taken to protect them from mechanical impact during use or installation.

	Ui	l _i	Pi	C _i	Li
Entity parameters	30 V	130 mA	1 W	0 nF	0 mH

7.8 Brazil

7.8.1 E2 INMETRO Flameproof

Certificate UL-BR-17.0192X

Standards ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0:2020, ABNT NBR IEC

60079-1:2016, ABNT NBR IEC 60079-11:2013, ABNT NBR IEC 60079-26:2016, ABNT NBR IEC 60079-31:2014

Markings Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6...T1 Ga/Gb

Ex tb [ia Da] IIIC T85 °C...T450 °C Da/Db

Ex tb IIIC T85 °C...T135 °C Db

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for Specific Conditions.

7.8.2 I2 INMETRO Intrinsic Safety

Certificate UL-BR-17.0198X

Standards ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0:2020, ABNT NBR IEC

60079-11:2011

Markings Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (-50° C \leq Tamb \leq + 70° C)

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for Specific Conditions.

	Ui	l _i	Pi	C _i	Li
Entity parameters	30 V	130 mA	1 W	0 nF	0 mH

7.9 China

7.9.1 E3 China Flameproof

Certificate GYJ21.1303X

Standards GB 3836.1-2010, GB 3836.2-2010, GB 3836.4-2010, GB

3836-20-2010, GB 12476.1-2013, GB 12476.4-2010,

GB 12476.5-2013

Markings Ex ia IIC T6~T1 Ga/Ex d [ia Ga] IIC T6~T1 Gb,

Ex iaD 20 T₂₀₀ 85°C~T₂₀₀ 450°C/ Ex tD [iaD 20] A21 IP6X T85°C~450°C,

Ex tD A21 IP6X T85°C~T135°C

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for Specific Conditions.

7.9.2 I3 China Intrinsic Safety

Certificate GYJ21.1302X

Standards GB 3836.1-2010, GB 3836.4-2010, GB 3836.20-2010

Markings Ex ia IIC T4 (-50°C \leq Ta \leq +70°C),

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for Specific Conditions.

	Ui	l _i	Pi	C _i	Li
Entity parameters	30 V	130 mA	1 W	0 nF	0 mH

7.10 Technical Regulations Customs Union (EAC)

TR CU 020/2011 "Electromagnetic Compatibility of Technical Products" TR CU 032/2013 "On safety of equipment and vessels under pressure"

Certificate EAЭC RU C-US.AД07.B.00770/19

TR CU 012/2011 "On safety of equipment intended for use in explosive atmospheres"

7.10.1 EM Technical Regulations Customs Union (EAC) Flameproof

Certificate EA∋C RU C-SE.AA87.B.00620-21

Markings Ga/Gb Ex d [ia Ga] IIC T6...T1 X

Ex tb [ia Da] IIIC T85 °C...T450 °C Db X

Ex tb IIIC T85 °C...T135 °C Db X

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for Specific Conditions.

7.10.2 IM Technical Regulations Customs Union (EAC) Intrinsic Safety

Certificate EAЭC RU C-SE.AA87.B.00620-21

Markings $0Ex ia IIC T4 Ga X -50°C \le Ta \le +70°C$

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for Specific Conditions.

	Ui	li	Pi	C _i	Li
Entity parameters	30 V	130 mA	1 W	0 nF	0 mH

7.11 Japan

7.11.1 E4 Japan Flameproof

Certificate CML 20JPN1218X

Markings Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6...T1 Ga/Gb

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for Specific Conditions.

7.12 India

7.12.1 EW Flameproof

Certificate P5411191/1

Markings Ex ia IIC T6..T1 Ga / Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6.. T1 Gb

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for Specific Conditions.

7.12.2 IW Intrinsic Safety

Certificate P537989/1 **Markings** Ex ia IIC T4 Ga

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for Specific Conditions.

7.13 United Arab Emirates

7.13.1 Flame-proof

Certificate 20-11-28736/Q20-11-001012

Markings Same as IECEx (E7)

7.13.2 Intrinsic Safety

Certificate 20-11-28736/Q20-11-001012

Markings Same as IECEx (I7)

7.14 Combinations

KB Combination of E5 and E6

7.15 Additional certifications

7.15.1 U1 Overfill prevention

Certificate Z-65.16-416

Application TÜV tested and approved by DIBt for overfill prevention

according to the German WHG regulations.

7.16 Pattern approval

GOST Belarus

Certificate RB-03 07 2765 10

GOST Kazakhstan

Certificate KZ.02.02.03473-2013

GOST Russia

Certificate SE.C.29.010.A

GOST Uzbekistan

Certificate 02.2977-14

China Pattern Approval

Certificate 2009-L256

7.17 Conduit plugs and adapters

IECEx Flameproof and Increased Safety

Certificate IECEX UL 18.0016X

Standards IEC 60079-0:2017, IEC 60079-1:2014-06, IEC

60079-7:2017. IEC 60079-31:2013

Markings Ex db eb IIC Gb;

Ex ta IIIC Da

ATEX Flameproof and Increased Safety

Certificate DEMKO 18 ATEX 1986X

Standards EN IEC 60079-0:2018, EN 60079-1:2014, EN 60079-7:

2015 +A1:2018, EN 60079-31:2014

(a) II 1 D Ex ta IIIC Da

Table 7-1: Conduit Plug Thread Sizes

Thread	Identification mark	
M20x1.5-6g	M20	
½ - 14 NPT	½ NPT	

Table 7-2: Thread Adapter Thread Sizes

Male thread	Identification mark
M20 x 1.5 – 6g	M20
1/2- 14 NPT	½ - 14 NPT
Female thread	Identification mark
M20 x 1.5 – 6H	M20
½ - 14 NPT	½ - 14 NPT

Specific Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. The Blanking Elements shall not be used with an adapter.
- 2. Only one adapter shall be used with any single cable entry on the associated equipment.
- It is the end user's responsibility to ensure that the ingress protection rating is maintained at the interface of the equipment and the blanking element/adapter.
- 4. Suitability of the temperature of the devices is to be determined during end-use with suitably rated equipment.
- 5. The Ex Blanking Elements have been evaluated for use in an ambient temperature range of -60 °C to +125 °C.

7.18 Installation drawings

Figure 7-1: 9150077-944 - System Control Drawing

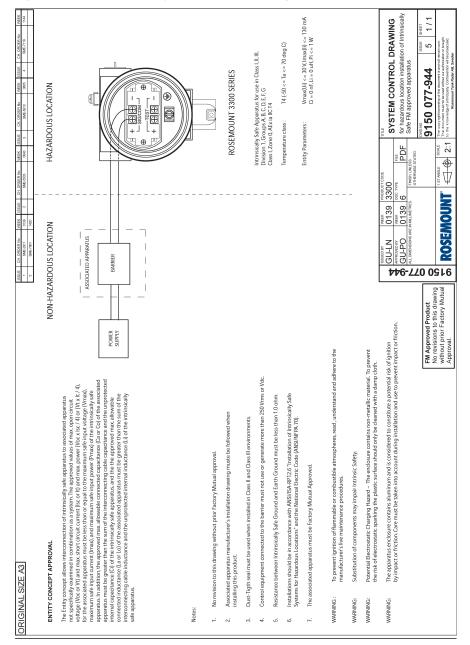
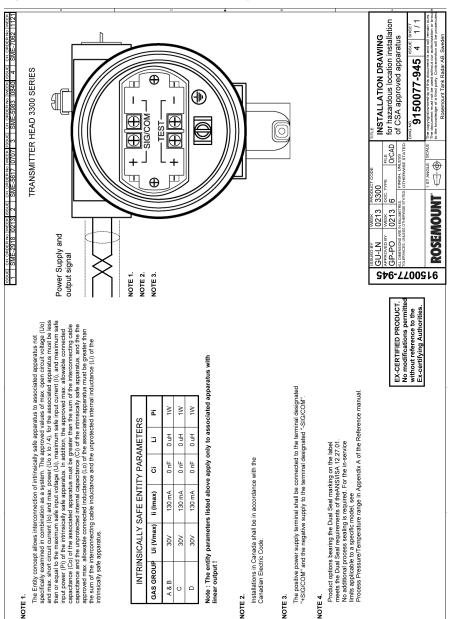


Figure 7-2: 9150077-945 Installation Drawing



7.19 EU Declaration of Conformity

Figure 7-3: EU Declaration of Conformity





EU Declaration of Conformity

No: 3300

We,

Rosemount Tank Radar AB Layoutvägen 1 S-435 33 MÖLNLYCKE Sweden

declare under our sole responsibility that the product,

Rosemount 3300 Series Guided Wave Radar Level and Interface Transmitter

manufactured by,

Rosemount Tank Radar AB Layoutvägen 1 S-435 33 MÖLNLYCKE Sweden

is in conformity with the provisions of the European Community Directives, including the latest amendments, as shown in the attached schedule.

Presumption of conformity is based on the application of the harmonized standards, normative documents or other documents and, when applicable or required, a European Community notified body certification, as shown in attached schedule.

Sajanatrartate

Manager Product Approvals
(function name - printed)

(signature)

Dajana Prastalo 2021-06-23 (name - printed) (date of issue)





Schedule No: 3300

EMC Directive (2014/30/EU)

EN 61326-1:2013

ATEX Directive (2014/34/EU)

BAS02ATEX1163X

Intrinsic Safety

Group II, Category 1 G, Ex ia IIC T4 Ga

EN IEC 60079-0:2018; EN 60079-11:2012

KEMA 01ATEX2220X

Flameproof

48

Group II, Category 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6...T1 Ga/Ex db[ia Ga] IIC T6..T1 Gb Group II, Category 1/2 D Ex ia IIIC T200T85°C...T200450°C Da/Ex tb[ia Da] IIIC T85°C...T450°C

Group II, Category 2 D Ex tb IIIC T85°C...T135°C Db

EN IEC 60079-0:2018; EN 60079-1:2014; EN 60079-11:2012; EN 60079-26:2015; IEC 60079-26:2021; EN 60079-31:2014

Baseefa12ATEX0089X

Type of protection N, Non-sparking and Intrinsic Safety Group II, Category 3 G, Ex ic nA IIC T4 Gc

EN IEC 60079-0:2018; EN 60079-11:2012; EN 60079-15:2010

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Schedule No: 3300

ATEX Notified Body for EU Type Examination Certificates and Type Examination Certificates

Notified Body responsible before March 2019 SGS Baseefa Ltd [Notified Body Number: 1180] Rockhead Business Park, Staden Lane Buxton, Derbyshire SK17 9RZ United Kingdom

Notified Body responsible after March 2019 **SGS Fimko Oy** [Notified Body Number: 0598] Särkiniementie 3 P.O. Box 30 FI-00211, Helsinki Finland

DEKRA (formerly **KEMA**) **Quality B.V.** [Notified Body Number: 0344] Utrechtsweg 310 6812 AR Arnhem Netherlands

ATEX Notified Body for Quality Assurance

DNV Nemko Presafe AS [Notified Body Number: 2460] Veritasveien 1 1322 HØVIK Norway

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7.20 China RoHS

List of Model Parts with China RoHS Concentration above MCVs 含有China RoHS管控物质超过最大浓度限值的部件型号列表

a is the same and a same and a same a						
	Hazardous Substances / 有害物质					
Part Name 部件名称	Lead 铅 (Pb)	Mercury 汞 (Hg)	Cadmium 镉 (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium 六价铭 (Cr +6)	Polybrominated biphenyls 多溴联苯 (PBB)	Polybrominated diphenyl ethers 多溴联苯醚(PBDE)
Electronics Assembly 电子组件	Х	0	0	0	0	0
Housing Assembly 壳体组件	0	0	0	0	0	0

This table is proposed in accordance with the provision of SJ/T11364

本表格系依据SJ/T11364的规定而制作.

O: Indicate that said hazardous substance in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement of GB/T 26572.

O: 意为该部件的所有均质材料中该有害物质的含量均低于GB/T 26572所规定的限量要求.

X: Indicate that said hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement of GB/T 26572.

X: 意为在该部件所使用的所有均质材料里,至少有一类均质材料中该有害物质的含量高于GB/T 26572所规定的限量要求.



Quick Start Guide 00825-0100-4811, Rev. JG November 2022

For more information: **Emerson.com**

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